This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A process for producing a compound of the formula LiMPO₄, comprising:
 - a. producing a precursor mixture containing at least one Li⁺ source, at least one M²⁺ source and at least one PO₄³⁻ source, wherein M comprises at least one metal from the first transition series; in order to formforming a precipitate and thereby to produce a precursor mixture or suspension;
 b. dispersing or milling the precursor mixture or suspension of (a) until the D90 value of particles in a precipitate of the precursor mixture or suspension are less than 50μm; and
 - c. obtaining LiMPO₄ from the precursor mixture or suspension of (b) by reaction under hydrothermal conditions.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the D90 value of the particles is at most 25µm.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein M comprises Fe.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein M is selected from Fe, Mn, Co, and Ni and or mixtures thereof.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the LiMPO₄ is in purephase form.
- 6. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the dispersing or milling begins before or during precipitation of the particles in the precursor mixture or suspension and is continued until the precipitation has concluded.

7. (Canceled)

- 8. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein evaporation does not occur prior to the reaction of the precursor mixture or suspension under hydrothermal conditions.
- 9. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein sintering does not take place prior to the reaction of the precursor mixture or suspension under hydrothermal conditions.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the LiMPO₄ is dried following the reaction under hydrothermal conditions.
- 11. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the production of the precursor mixture or suspension or the reaction under hydrothermal conditions takes place in the presence of at least one further component that is a carbon-containing substance, an electron-conducting substance, the precursor of the electron-conducting substance, or mixtures thereof.
- 12. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 11, wherein the electron-conducting substance is conductive carbon, carbon fibers or mixtures thereof.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 11, wherein the precursor of the electron-conducting substance comprises a sugar compound.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the Li⁺ source is LiOH, Li₂CO₃ or mixtures thereof.

- 15. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein the Fe²⁺ source is selected from FeSO₄, FeCl₂, FeNO₃, Fe₃(PO₄)₂, an organyl salt of iron and or mixtures thereof.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein the PO₄³⁻ source is selected from-phosphoric acid, a metal phosphate, hydrogen phosphate, dihydrogen phosphate andor mixtures thereof.
- 17. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1 wherein water is a solvent for the precursor mixture or suspension.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the Li⁺ source and the M²⁺ source are in the form of aqueous solutions, and the PO₃³⁻ source is in the form of a liquid or an aqueous solution.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the precipitate formed comprises at least one precursor of LiMPO₄.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the hydrothermal conditions comprise a temperatures between 100 and 250°C, and a pressure from 1 bar to 40 bar.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the components of the precursor mixture or suspension are present in a stoichiometric ratio of: a. 1 mole Fe^{2+} :1 mole PO_4^{3-} :1 mole Li^* ,
- b. 1 mole

Fe²⁺:1 mole PO₄³⁻:3 mole Li*, or

c. any mixing ratio between a. and b.

- 22. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the reaction under hydrothermal conditions takes place under an inert gas atmosphere.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the M²⁺ source and the PO₄³⁻ source are first mixed in an aqueous solvent under an inert gas atmosphere, followed by the addition of the Li⁺ source under a protective gas or inert atmosphere, and then the reaction under hydrothermal conditions is carried out.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein the dispersing or milling comprises a treatment with a-dispersing apparatuses from that are stirrers, mills, intensive mixers, centrifugal pumps, in-line mixtures, mixing nozzles, such as injector nozzles, ultrasound appliances or combinations thereof.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein a stirring mechanism is used for the dispersing or milling conducted along with the introduction of power, calculated according to the formula $P=2 \Pi n M$, where M represents the torque and n represents the rotational speed, being at least 5 kW/m^3 .
- 26. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 11, wherein the further component is used as a crystallization nucleus in the precursor mixture or solution.
- 27. (Canceled)
- 28. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the LiMPO₄ has a mean particle size, D50 value of less than 0.8μm.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the D10 value of the particles is less than $0.4\mu m$ and the D90 value is less than $3.0\mu m$.

- 30. (Currently Amended) The process of claim 291, wherein the difference between the D90 value and the D10 value of the particles is no more than 2μm.
- 31. (Previously Presented) The process of claim 1, wherein the BET surface area of the particles is more than $3.5\text{m}^2/\text{g}$.
- 32. (Canceled)
- 33. (Canceled)
- 34. (Canceled)
- 35. (Canceled)
- 36. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 1, wherein the LiMPO₄, after the hydrothermal treatment is separated off by filtration or centrifuging, is dried and deagglomerated.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 1, wherein the LiMPO₄, obtained from the hydrothermal treatment is mixed with at least one carbon precursor material, such as sugar or cellulose, by kneading.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 37, wherein the mixed material produced is dried and heated to a temperature between 500°C. and 1000°C., during which operation the carbon precursor material is pyrolyzed to form carbon.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 38, wherein the pyrolysis process is followed by a milling or deagglomeration treatment.

- 40. (Previously Presented) The process according to claim 38, wherein the drying is carried out under a protective gas, in air or in vacuo at temperatures of from 50° C. to 200° C., and the pyrolysis is carried out under a protective gas.
- 41. (Currently Amended) LiMPO₄ particles produced by the process of claim 1, wherein said particles have a particle size distribution such that thetheir D90 value for said particle aggregates is less than 3.0μm, and the difference between the D90 value of the particles and the D10 value is no more than 2 μm.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The LiMPO₄ particles of claim 41, wherein the D90 value of said particles is less than 2.0μm.
- 43. (Canceled).
- 44. (Currently Amended) LiMPO₄ particles of claim $43\underline{41}$, wherein the difference between the D90 and the D10 value is less than 1.5 μ m.
- 45. (New) LiMPO₄ particles of claim 41, wherein the difference between the D90 and the D10 value is less than 1.0μm.
- 46. (New) LiMPO₄ particles of claim 41, wherein the difference between the D90 and the D10 value is less than 0.5μm.